



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

SDS: 0061844  
Date Prepared: 13/12/2021

Version: 1  
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### NEW ZEALAND SUPPLEMENT

**Product Name:** TR-910 LIQUID SEMI-PERMANENT SEALER

**Product Item code:** TR-910  
**UN Number:** UN1866  
**Hazard Class:** Class 3  
**Shipping Name:** Flammable Liquid, Category 2  
**Packing Group:** II  
**Hazchem Code:** \*3YE  
**Company:** HS Composites  
**Address:** 63 Hunua Road, Papakura, Auckland 2110  
**Telephone:** +64 (09) 295 2200  
**Email:** sales@hscomposites.co.nz  
**Website:** www.hscomposites.co.nz

**EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard:** HSR002495

Group Standard: Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

**Signal Word** DANGER

**Flammable liquid hazard category:** Category 3

#### Physical Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor

#### CONTROL PARAMETERS - Limits

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 64742-48-9

**Other Value:** 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Supplier)

#### Octane 111-65-9

New Zealand: 300 ppm (TWA)  
1400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA)  
375 ppm (STEL)  
1750 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (STEL)

ACGIH (TLV): 300 ppm (TWA)

#### Biological Exposure Limit(s)

No values have been established.

**This supplement must be read in conjunction with the attached SDS.**

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** MR-910/MR-910FD/MR-910HS

**Other means of identification**

**Product number** TR-910/TR-910FD/TR-910HS

**Recommended use** Mold release.

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

**Company name** TR Industries a Division of Granitize Products Inc.

**Address** 11022 Vulcan Street  
 South Gate, CA 90280-0893  
 United States

**Telephone** (562) 923-5438

**Emergency telephone** CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300  
 CHEMTREC International: 00 1-703-527-3887

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 3

**Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2  
 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2  
 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation  
 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects  
 Aspiration hazard Category 1

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 2  
 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2

**OSHA defined hazards** Not classified.

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statement

**Prevention** Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Collect spillage.

<b>Storage</b>	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	None.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	60 - 100
Dibutyl ether	142-96-1	10 - 30
Octane	111-65-9	1 - 5

**Composition comments** All concentrations are in percent by weight unless otherwise indicated. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

### Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	PEL	2350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	TWA	300 ppm

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		385 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		75 ppm

<b>Biological limit values</b>	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.
<b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear face shield if there is risk of splashes.
<b>Skin protection Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Rubber gloves, butyl rubber, neoprene or PVC gloves are recommended. Other suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
<b>Skin protection Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Colorless.

**Odor** Mild solvent.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** Not available.

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** 285.8 °F (141 °C) (1013 hPa)

**Flash point** 87.8 °F (31.0 °C)

**Evaporation rate** Slower than ether.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** 1.5 %

**Explosive limit - upper (%)** 7.6 %

**Vapor pressure** Not available.

**Vapor density** Heavier than air.

**Relative density** 0.754 (Water=1)

**Solubility(ies)**

**Solubility (water)** Not miscible or difficult to mix with water.

**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)** Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available.

<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>VOC</b>	99.25%; 749 g/l

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Risk of ignition. If stored for long periods, product may form explosive peroxides. When inhibited to prevent peroxides, product is stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Protect against direct sunlight. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Prolonged contact with air may cause formation of explosive peroxides.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	May form explosive peroxides. Hydrocarbons.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**      Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**      Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Dibutyl ether (CAS 142-96-1)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	3230 - 3920 mg/kg
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	20000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	24.88 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	5000 mg/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	

**Carcinogenicity** Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

**NTP Report on Carcinogens**

Not listed.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)**

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity** This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**Further information** Symptoms may be delayed.

**12. Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)		
<b>Aquatic ACUTE</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Aquatic Invertebrates 0.3 mg/l, 48 hours
<b>CHRONIC</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Aquatic Invertebrates 0.64 mg/l, 48 hours
		0.23 mg/l, 21 days
	LOEC	Aquatic Invertebrates 0.32 mg/l, 21 days
	NOEC	Aquatic Invertebrates 0.17 mg/l, 21 days

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

Dibutyl ether (CAS 142-96-1) 3.21  
Octane (CAS 111-65-9) 5.18

**Mobility in soil** No data available for this product.

**Other adverse effects** The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

**13. Disposal considerations**

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F  
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.



## 14. Transport information

### DOT

UN number	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	Resin solution, Flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242

### IATA

UN number	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	Resin solution, Flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IMDG

UN number	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Dibutyl ether (CAS 142-96-1) Listed.

Octane (CAS 111-65-9) Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

### Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

### SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

**Classified hazard categories**      Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Skin corrosion or irritation  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  
Aspiration hazard  
Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

## Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

### Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

## US state regulations

### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Dibutyl ether (CAS 142-96-1)  
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Dibutyl ether (CAS 142-96-1)  
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Dibutyl ether (CAS 142-96-1)  
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)  
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)

### US. Rhode Island RTK

Dibutyl ether (CAS 142-96-1)  
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)

### California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)  
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 13-Dec-2021

**Version #** 02

**NFPA ratings**



### Disclaimer

TR Industries cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.